CITY OF GOSHEN, KENTUCKY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Commissioners City of Goshen, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Goshen, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Goshen, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 2-6 and 19-20 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

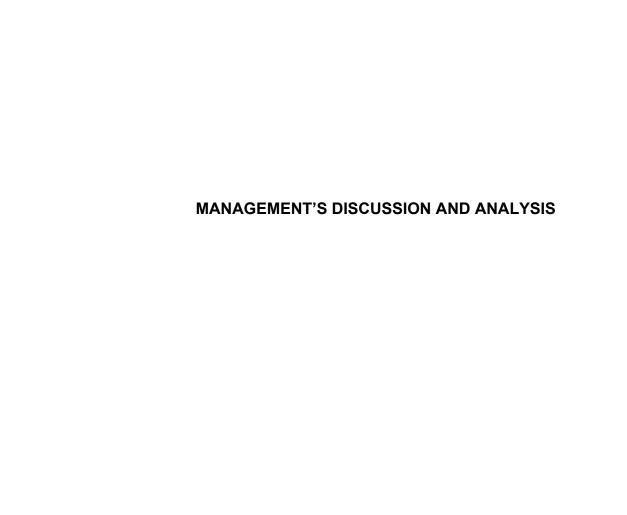
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 11, 2021, on our consideration of the City of Goshen, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Goshen, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Goshen, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Welenken CPAs

Louisville, Kentucky January 11, 2021

Welenken CRAs



The City of Goshen's (the City) discussion and analysis provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the City's financial statements provided in this document.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position increased by \$55,282 as a result of revenues exceeding expenses.
- During the year, the City's insurance premiums tax revenue totaled \$218,968, which is an increase of \$16,699 over prior year.
- The City's total assets increased by \$54,757 over the prior year reaching a total of \$595,763.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide a broad overview of the City's finances. They include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. In accrual accounting, revenues earned and expenses incurred in the fiscal year are taken into account in the financial statements regardless of when cash is actually received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position provides information on all City assets and liabilities, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Increases or decreases in the net position over time are one indicator of whether the City's financial health is improving, stagnating, or deteriorating. Information on other factors, such as changes in the revenue structure and the condition of the City's assets, is also needed to assess the overall financial situation of the City.

The Statement of Activities provides information on the City's annual revenues and expenses, as well as other transactions that increase or reduce net position.

B. Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over segregated resources for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City only has governmental funds to be presented in the fund financial statements.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provides a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and special revenue fund (municipal road aid), both of which are considered major funds. No non-major funds exist.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for both funds as required by state statute. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the general fund and the special revenue fund (municipal road aid) for the reader to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

C. Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

D. Other Information

This report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund, in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As previously indicated, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. A portion of the City's net position, \$291,656, or 50%, reflects its investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. A portion of the City's net position, \$51,328, or 9%, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$245,630, or 42%, represents unrestricted net position. At the end of the year, governmental activities had a positive net position.

City of Goshen
Comparative Statements of Net Position
June 30, 2020 and 2019

			Increase/
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	(Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$ 304,107	\$ 222,491	\$ 81,616
Capital assets	291,656	<u>318,515</u>	$(\underline{26,859})$
Total assets	595,763	541,006	54,757
Current and other liabilities	<u>7,149</u>	<u>7,676</u>	(<u>527</u>)
Total liabilities	<u>7,149</u>	<u>7,676</u>	(527)
Deferred inflows of resources	654		654
Deletted illiows of resources	034		034
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets, net	291,656	318,515	(26,859)
Restricted	51,328	34,434	` 16,894 [′]
Unrestricted	245,630	<u> 180,383</u>	65,247
Total net position	<u>\$ 588,614</u>	\$ 533,332	<u>\$ 55,282</u>

City of Goshen Comparative Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
Revenues:				
Program revenue:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,716	\$ 1,240	\$ 476	38.39%
Grants	22,511	23,593	(1,082)	(4.59%)
General revenues:				
Property taxes	71,831	68,931	2,900	4.21%
Other taxes	226,822	206,220	20,602	9.99%
Investment	1,077	1,381	(304)	(22.01%)
Other income	1,046	1,410	(<u>364)</u>	(25.82%)
Total revenues	325,003	302,775	22,228	7.34%
Expenses:				
General government	104,669	98,358	6,311	6.42%
Public safety	30,952	26,012	4,940	18.99%
Public works	89,359	94,074	(4,715)	(5.01%)
Sanitation	44,741	59,530	(14,789)	(24.84%)
Debt service – interest		664	(<u>664</u>)	(<u>100.00%</u>)
Total expenses	269,721	278,638	(8,917)	(3.20%)
Change in net position	55,282	24,137	31,149	56.34%
Net position – beginning	533,332	509,195	24,137	4.74%
Net position – ending	<u>\$588,614</u>	<u>\$533,332</u>	\$ 55,282	10.37%

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$55,282. The increase was attributable to total governmental revenues exceeding expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The financial reporting focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information, particularly *unassigned fund balance*, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the City governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$296,304. The General Fund's unassigned balance of \$242,359 is available for spending at the government's discretion. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City.

At the end of the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the General Fund balance was \$244,976. As a measure of liquidity, a comparison of the unassigned fund balance to total general fund expenditures and transfers placed the fund balance at 101% of total expenditures.

The Special Revenue Fund which is restricted for road expenditures has a total fund balance of \$51,328. The Special Revenue Fund balance increased from the previous fiscal year by \$16,894.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual charges to appropriations (expenditures) were \$20,279 less than the final budgeted amounts. The City's most negative variance during the fiscal year was by \$5,592 from public safety. The most positive variance occurred in the public works/capital projects expense which was under budget by \$23,836.

In addition, resources available for appropriation were \$49,447 greater than the final budgeted amount. The final budget included \$68,400 of property tax revenue in comparison to the \$71,177 actually collected. In addition, other income including insurance tax revenue, was the most significant positive variance at \$46,956.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A. Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for governmental activities as of June 30, 2020 is \$291,656 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, drainage work, playground equipment, office equipment, roads and. park facilities.

City of Goshen's 2020 Capital Assets Governmental Activities

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Land	\$ 152,929	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 152,929
Roads	199,586	-	-	199,586
Drainage	197,274	-	-	197,274
Playground	74,163	-	-	74,163
Office equipment	2,585	-	-	2,585
Other equipment	15,238	3,300	-	18,538
Land improvements	33,068			33,068
Total Cost	674,843	3,300	-	678,143
Less: accumulated depreciation	(<u>356,328</u>)	(<u>30,159</u>)		(<u>386,487</u>)
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 318,515</u>	(<u>\$ 26,859)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 291,656</u>

B. Debt Administration

The City has no long-term debt at June 30, 2020.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

There are currently no economic factors that are expected to change the outlook of the revenue or expenses for the City in the next year. In addition, no rate changes occurred for the next year.

A summary for the 2021 fiscal year budgeted expenses are as follows:

- General government \$105,987
- Police and public safety \$25,000
- Public works \$85,810
- Sanitation \$45,458
- Road expenses \$19,000

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general financial overview for those interested in the City of Goshen government finances. Questions or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to Bob Thacker, Mayor, City of Goshen, P.O. Box 112, Goshen, KY 40026.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF GOSHEN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	vernmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 243,180
Property taxes receivable	654
Insurance premium taxes receivable	55,998
Other receivables	1,658
Prepaid expenses	2,167
Deposits	450
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 291,656
Total Assets	 595,763
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	4,726
Accrued expenses	 2,423
Total Liabilities	 7,149
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	291,656
Restricted	51,328
Unrestricted	 245,630
Total Net Position	\$ 588,614

CITY OF GOSHEN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities							
				arges for		perating		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Ex	penses	5	Services		Grants		Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS								
General government	\$ (104,669)	\$	1,716	\$	_	\$	(102,953)
Public safety	Ψ ((30,952)	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	*	(30,952)
Public works		(89,359)		_		22,511		(66,848)
Sanitation		(44,741)		-				(44,741)
Total Primary Government	(269,721)		1,716		22,511		(245,494)
GENERAL REVENUES								
Property taxes								71,831
Insurance taxes								218,968
Rental license fee								3,200
Franchise tax								4,654
Investment earnings								1,077
Miscellaneous								1,046
Total General Revenues								300,776
CHANGE IN NET POSITION								55,282
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR								533,332
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR							\$	588,614



CITY OF GOSHEN, KENTUCKY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS

	General Fund		_		R	Special evenue Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Assets Cash Property taxes receivable Insurance premium taxes receivable Other receivables Prepaid expenses Deposits	\$	191,852 654 55,998 1,658 2,167 450	\$	51,328 - - - - - -	\$	243,180 654 55,998 1,658 2,167 450		
Total Assets	\$	252,779	\$	51,328	\$	304,107		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF R Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses	ESO \$	4,726 2,423	ND F (UND BALA - -	ANCE \$	\$ 4,726 2,423		
Total Liabilities		7,149		_		7,149		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - other		654		<u>-</u>		654		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		654				654		
Fund Balances Nonspendable - Prepaid items Restricted Unassigned		2,617 - 242,359		- 51,328 -		2,617 51,328 242,359		
Total Fund Balances		244,976		51,328		296,304		
Total Liabilites, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	252,779	\$	51,328	\$	304,107		

CITY OF GOSHEN, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 296,304
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets, net of depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the general fund.	291,656
Certain property tax collections and other revenues are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	 654
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 588,614

CITY OF GOSHEN, KENTUCKY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General Fund				Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	71,177	\$ -	\$	71,177	
Insurance premium taxes		218,968	-		218,968	
Grant income		4,417	18,094		22,511	
Rental license fee		3,300	-		3,300	
Franchise tax		4,654	-		4,654	
Fines and other charges		6,749	-		6,749	
Interest income		1,077	-		1,077	
Miscellaneous		1,360	 		1,360	
Total Revenues		311,702	 18,094		329,796	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government		104,669	-		104,669	
Public safety		30,592	-		30,592	
Public works		58,674	1,200		59,874	
Sanitation		44,741	-		44,741	
Capital outlays		3,300	 		3,300	
Total Expenditures		241,976	 1,200		243,176	
Net Change in Fund Balance		69,726	16,894		86,620	
Fund Balances - Beginning		175,250	 34,434		209,684	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	244,976	\$ 51,328	\$	296,304	

CITY OF GOSHEN, KENTUCKY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 86,620
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net activities is different because:	
Certain property tax and other receivable collections are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	(4,479)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	2 200
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	 3,300 (30,159)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 55,282

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Goshen, Kentucky (the City) was incorporated under the provisions of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The City operates under the Mayor-Commission form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government, public service, public safety and sanitation. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), the accompanying basic financial statements present the activities of the City.

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities and report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Primary government and its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public improvements, cultural and recreation, and general administrative support services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Indirect expenses are allocated based on the annual cost allocation plan. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, and 2) grants and contributions, including special assessments that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements or a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. MEASUREMENTS FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned or, for property tax revenues, in the period for which levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City in general considers revenues available if they are collected within 180 days after year-end, except for property taxes, which the City considers available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when payment is due.

For the governmental funds financial statements, the City considers all revenues susceptible to accrual and recognizes revenue if the accrual criteria are met. Specifically, franchise taxes, licenses, interest, special assessments, charges for services, and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met and are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier, if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources and the legally authorized activities of the City, except those required to be accounted for in other specialized funds.

The Special Revenue Fund (Municipal Road Aid) is used to account for the proceeds or specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trust or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION

<u>Property Taxes and Other Receivables</u> - Property taxes and other receivables are recorded at gross amount less uncollectible amounts recognized under the allowance method. Management considers all receivables to be collectable at June 30, 2020.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets are reported in the governmental activity column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2020.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

Deferred Inflows of Resources – In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet - governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element is for certain receivables that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the items, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the balance sheet – governmental funds. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from property taxes and other receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Government-Wide Statements

In the statement of net position, the difference between the City's assets and liabilities is recorded as net position. The three components of net position are as follows:

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation – This category records capital assets net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted Net Position – Net position that is restricted by external sources or by law are reported separately as restricted net position. When assets are required to be retained in perpetuity, the non-expendable net position is recorded separately from expendable net position. These are components of restricted net position. The City has restricted net position related to municipal road aid monies received from the Commonwealth of Kentucky. The balance in restricted net position is \$51,328 at June 30, 2020.

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION (continued)

Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt".

Fund Financial Statements

In the balance sheet of governmental funds, fund balances may be segregated as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions, charter requirements, or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of the other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Commission. The Commission is the highest level of decision making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Commission.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the Commission adopted policy, only the City Commission may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless City Commission has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment functions.

<u>Budgetary Accounting</u> - The City follows the procedures established pursuant to Section 91A.030 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements. Budgets for all funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgeted amounts in the financial statements are as adopted by ordinance of the City including any authorized revisions

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The City provides sick pay benefits to its City Clerk. The financial statements include a liability for unused benefits totaling \$1,141.

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION (continued)

<u>Management's Use of Estimates</u> - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

Note 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Under Kentucky Revised Statutes the City is allowed to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements, obligations of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and its agencies, insured savings and loans, or interest-bearing deposits of insured national or state banks. The deposits in excess of insurance coverage must be fully collateralized. At June 30, 2020, the City did not have material deposits in excess of the insurance coverage.

Note 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

		Year Ending J	June 30, 202	0
	Beginning	-		Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Disposals</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Land	\$ 152,929	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 152,929
Roads	199,586	-	-	199,586
Drainage	197,274	-	-	197,274
Playground	74,163	-	-	74,163
Office equipment	2,585	-	-	2,585
Other equipment	15,238	3,300	-	18,538
Land improvements	33,068			33,068
Total Cost	674,843	3,300	-	678,143
Less: accumulated depreciation	(<u>356,328</u>)	(<u>30,159</u>)		(<u>386,487</u>)
Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 318,515</u>	(<u>\$ 26,859)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 291,656</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020 was \$30,159. This amount was charged to the following functions/programs:

Public safety	\$	359
Public works	_29	9,800
Total	\$ 30	0,159

Note 4 - PROPERTY TAXES

As generally provided in the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, the City's property tax is levied each July 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real property located in the City. The Oldham County Property Valuation Administrator establishes assessed values. The tax payments are due and payable when levied. The City adopted a tax rate of \$.131 per \$100 of property assessed for taxation.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. A discount of 10% shall be allowed on tax bills paid prior to August 1, each year. Bills paid after that date but before August 31 are not allowed a discount or subject to a penalty. All bills paid after August 31 are charged a penalty of 10% plus interest at the rate of 1% per month until paid.

Note 5 – GRANT REVENUE

Under the provisions of state law, the Commonwealth of Kentucky reimbursed the City for police incentive training and other miscellaneous operating costs during the year ended June 30, 2020 that are recorded in the General Fund.

Note 6 - LEASES

The City leases office and storage space at a rate of \$420 per month. The lease is for a three-year period commencing on December 1, 2018 and expiring on November 31, 2021. Future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2020:

Fiscal Year Ending:	
2021	\$ 5,040
2022	2,100
	\$ 7,140

Rent expense for the year was \$5,040.

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Note 7 - COMMITMENTS

The City maintains contractual relationships relating to services provided for the benefit of the City. These commitments include annual contractual obligations for sanitation and maintenance services. All contracts are current, and no invoices are outstanding.

Note 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated subsequent events through January 11, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF GOSHEN, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	D 1 (A ()	Variance with Final Budget		
		Amounts	Actual	Positive		
	Original Final Amounts			(Negative)		
Resources (inflows):						
Property taxes	\$ 68,400	\$ 68,400	\$ 71,177	\$ 2,777		
Grant income	4,860	4,860	Ψ 71,177 4,417	(443)		
Interest income	920	4,800 920	1,077	157		
Other income			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Other income	188,075	188,075	235,031	46,956		
Amounts available for appropriation	262,255	262,255	311,702	49,447		
Charges to appropriations (outflows):						
General government	105,987	105,987	104,669	1,318		
Public safety	25,000	25,000	30,592	(5,592)		
Public works/capital projects	85,810	85,810	61,974	23,836		
Sanitation	45,458	45,458	44,741	717		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total charges to appropriations	262,255	262,255	241,976	20,279		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	69,726	69,726		
Fund balance - beginning	169,146	169,146	175,250	(6,104)		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 169,146	\$ 169,146	\$ 244,976	\$ 63,622		

CITY OF GOSHEN, KENTUCKY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Resources (inflows): Municipal road aid	\$	19,000	\$	19,000	\$	18,094	\$	(906)
Amounts available for appropriation		19,000		19,000		18,094		(906)
Charges to appropriations (outflows): Streets and roads		19,000		19,000		1,200		17,800
Total charges to appropriations		19,000		19,000		1,200		17,800
Net change in fund balance		-		-		16,894		16,894
Fund balance - beginning		24,057		24,057		34,434		(10,377)
Fund balance -ending	\$	24,057	\$	24,057	\$	51,328	\$	6,517



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Commissioners City of Goshen, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of City of Goshen, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 11, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Honorable Mayor and Commissioners Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Welenken CPAs

WelenkenCRAs

Louisville, Kentucky January 11, 2021